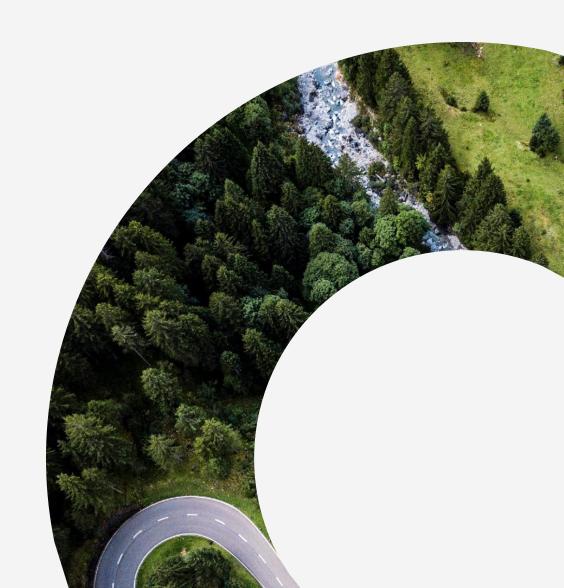


First insights on policy options and possibilities

Harald Maaland 22.10.25





Project objective: Accelerating the use of Zero Emission Construction Equipment in Europe

- 1. Knowledge sharing between different countries.
- 2. Promote successful policies (mainly from Norway and the Netherlands) and adapt them to relevant countries.
- 3. Encourage the producers to increased sales of electrical machinery through EU, national and local policies.

Report launch 27.10.25 at the **ZERO Conference** in Oslo





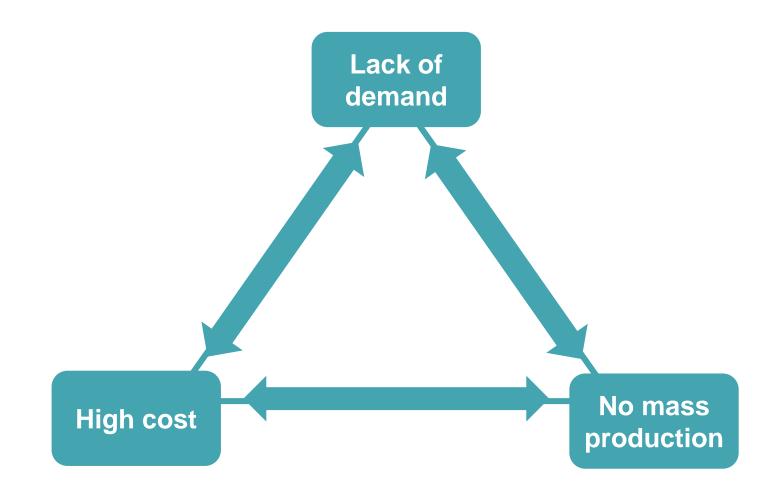
Successful policy learnings from The Netherlands and Norway



- National funding
- Extensive cooperation
- Charging infrastructure, early planning
- Positive additional benefits





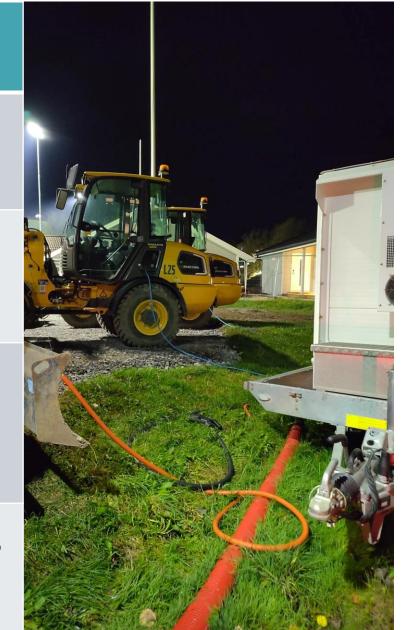




Barriers	Policy tool		400 kW
Lack of market and knowledge	Pilot schemes	- CHARTER CO. 1	
Lack of demand	Public procurement		
Lack of supply, high cost	Regulation		
High investment cost, poor grid	Financial support		



Barriers	Policy tool	Local
Lack of market and knowledge	Pilot schemes	 Start with smaller, controlled ZECS pilots Use results to inform guidelines and standardise requirements
Lack of demand	Public procurement	 Enable early market dialogue Set a clear future procurement target Demand increasing % of ZEM in tenders Coordinate energy planning
Lack of supply, high cost	Regulation	 Require gradually increasing % of ZE in all major construction sites Building permits regulation Zero Emission Zone
High investment cost, poor grid	Financial support	In absense of national financial support, consider local, targeted support schemes (grid, power solutions, machinery etc.)





Barriers	Policy tool	National	
Lack of market and knowledge	Pilot schemes	 Public Infrastructure Companies with pilots in portfolio Pilot projects when building national/EU charging infrastructure for transport (AFIR) 	
Lack of demand	Public procurement	 Binding National Road Map National Road Authorities: Set a clear target and strategy Make a committing internal plan Follow up in tenders, demanding increasing % of ZE Demand an increasing % of ZE in all public construction sites 	deras no
Lack of supply, high cost	Regulation	 Provide legal framework for cities to impose local regulation Notify upcoming building regulations with increased share of ZE machinery National ban on fossil fuels on all construction sites from (investigated and announced well in advance) 	To be a second of the second o
High investment cost, poor grid	Financial support	 National funding to public procurers, covering a portion of extra cost of ZE in tenders National support to buyers of ZE machinery and charging equipment/energy systems for site 	



Barriers	Policy tool	EU
Lack of market and knowledge	Pilot schemes	 Set up pilots in EU financed infrastructure projects (DG MOVE) Upcoming Connecting Europe Facility Fund
Lack of demand	Public procurement	 Add ZE machinery as new category in revised Clean Vehicles Directive 2027 (10%-100% ZEM 2030-2040) Revised Public Procurement Directive: Mandatory, increased use of ZEM
Lack of supply, high cost	Regulation	Regulate CO2-emissions from NRMM through OEMs. Similar to light duty vehicles regulation: Gradual tightening, until 100% sold ZEM in the EU by 2040. Several models: I. A percentage of all produced machines must be ZE (measured in kWh) II. A percentage of all produced machines must be ZE (measured in tons) III. A percentage of all produced machines must be ZE (measured in number of machines)
High investment cost, poor grid	Financial support	 Define NRMM as a critical industry Support build-up of a ZE European NRMM value chain throuh upcoming European Competitiveness Fund



Barriers	Policy tool	EU	National	Local
Lack of market and knowledge	Pilot schemes	Set up pilots in EU financed infrastructure projects (DG MOVE) Upcoming Connecting Europe Facility Fund	Public Infrastructure Companies with pilots in portfolio Pilot projects when building national/EU charging infrastructure for transport (AFIR)	 Start with smaller, controlled ZECS pilots Use results to inform guidelines and standardise requirements
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High investment cost, poor grid	Financial support	 Define NRMM as a critical industry Support build-up of a ZE European NRMM value chain throuh upcoming European Competitiveness Fund 	 National funding to public procurers, covering a portion of extra cost of ZE in tenders National support to buyers of ZE machinery and charging equipment 	In absense of national financial support, consider local, targeted support schemes (grid, power solutions, machinery etc.)



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Lack of supply, high cost	Regulation	Regulate CO2-emissions from NRMM through OEMs. Similar to light duty vehicles regulation: Gradual tightening, until 100% sold ZEM in the EU by 2040. Several models: I. A percentage of all produced machines must be ZE (measured in kWh) II. A percentage of all produced machines must be ZE (measured in tons) III. A percentage of all produced machines must be ZE (measured in number of machines)	 Provide legal framework for cities to impose local regulation Notify upcoming building regulations with increased share of ZE machinery National ban on fossil fuels on all construction sites from a specified year (investigated and announced well in advance) 	Require gradually increasing % of ZE in all major construction sites Building permits regulation Zero Emission Zone
High investment cost, poor grid	Financial support	Define NRMM as a critical industry Support build-up of a ZE European NRMM value chain through upcoming European Competitiveness Fund	National funding to public procurers, covering a portion of extra cost of ZE in tenders National support to buyers of ZE machinery and charging equipment	In absense of national financial support, consider local, targeted support schemes (grid, power solutions, machinery etc.)



Contact information:

Ingvild Kilen Rørholt, Head of Transport ingvild@zero.no

+4797 27115

Harald Maaland, Transport Advisor harald.maaland@zero.no

+4795758259

Marius Mollum, Corporate Partnership Manager marius.mollum@zero.no

+4792049957

