

Trafiksäkerhetslyftet

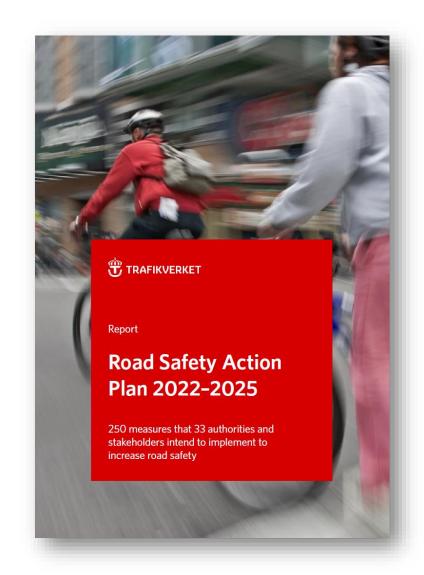
A tool for local authorities to improve traffic safety in line with Vision Zero and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

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Background information

- Swedish Association of Local Authorities and Regions (SALAR) has developed the tool and is the administrator.
- Swedish Transport Administration (STA) has co-funded the tool by a joint research fund and has partcipated in the development project.
- Both organisations are involved in disseminating the tool and promoting its use in local authorities.







VISION ZERO TOGETHER WE SAVE LIVES













































Traffic safety targets for 2030

Interim targets decided by the government

Targets set by STA together with actors

Number of fatalities in road traffic accidents

-50 % (133)

Number of seriously injured in road traffic accidents

-25 % (3100)

Number of suicides in the road transport sector, including number jumping off bridges

Reduce

Number of seriously injured in pedestrian falls

-25 % (2600)

Number of seriously injured in single-bicycle accidents

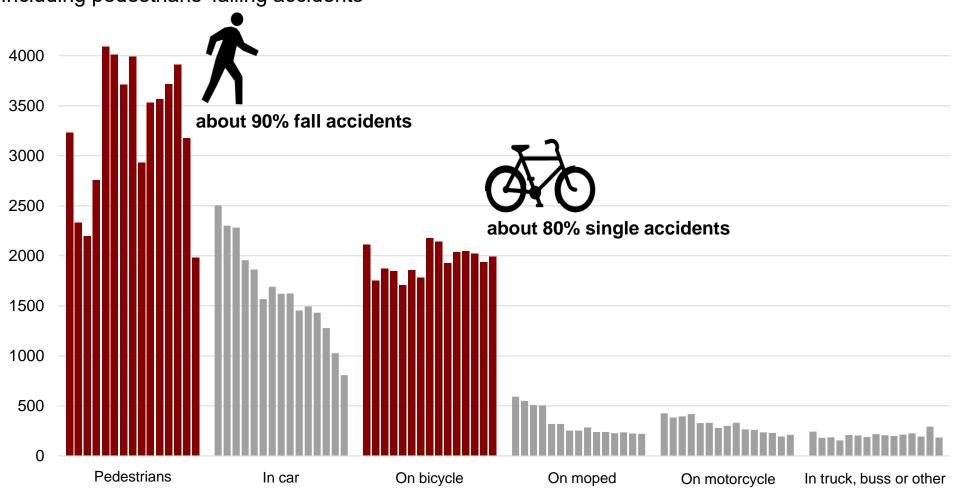
-25 % (1200)

Source: Analysis of road safety trends 2022: Management by objectives for road safety work towards the 2030 interim targets (Swedish Transport Administration Publication 2023:116)



Serious injuries distributed by road user groups 2006–2020

Including pedestrians' falling accidents



Please note that the figures for 2020 are affected by the pandemic. Among other things, the number of fall accidents is significantly lower than in previous years, which may be due to fewer older people moving around in traffic during parts of 2020.



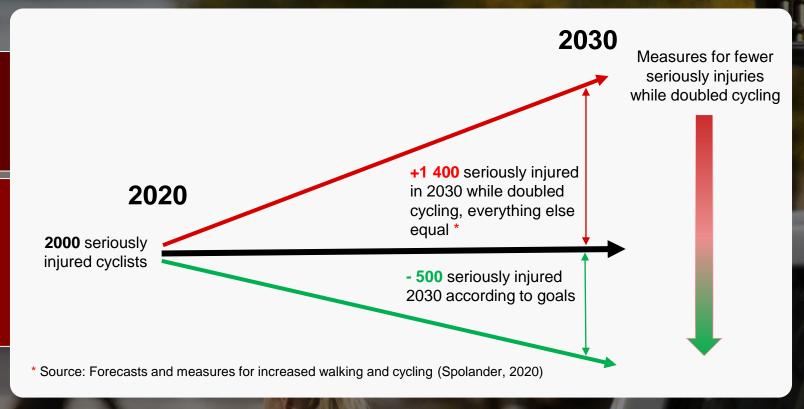
Increasing safe cycling

The Swedish traffic safety target:

The number of fatalities in road traffic must be halved and the number of seriously injured must decrease by at least 25 percent between 2020 and 2030.

Target according to the government's Strategy for Living Cities:

The share of passenger transport by public transport, bicycle and walking in Sweden must be at least 25 percent by 2025, in the direction of doubling the share of walking, cycling and public transport in the long term.



To counteract the gap, effective measures for safe cycling are required in the form of both policy instruments and strong investments in infrastructure and maintenance.



Municipalities' possibilities to influence traffic safety

Traffic safety in land-use and urban planning Traffic planning, traffic safety measures and traffic regulation **Road authority** Requirements for maintenance and for construction phases **Planner** Measures influencing Setter of Influencer behaviour among citizens requirements Requirements as employer on journeys at work Purchaser in Requirements for the municipality's own vehicles and transport procurement Requirements for the purchase and procurement of vehicles, travel and transport



Success factors for a systematic traffic safety work

Knowledge and awareness. That municipal employees and politicians have basic knowledge on traffic safety and Vision Zero.

Target-oriented way of working. That the traffic safety work is long-term and based on systematics and continuous improvements in the direction of traffic safety targets.

Responsibility and collaboration. That there is a long-term organisation, designated responsibility for traffic safety and collaborations internally and externally.

Measure important conditions. That there is knowledge on the traffic safety conditions as a supplement to accident data, and that relevant safety performance indicators are followed up.

Resources. That there are sufficient financial and personnel resources for the traffic safety work.

Decisions based on knowledge. That measures are based on how the condition looks and the traffic safety situation according to information from the national accident database Strada.

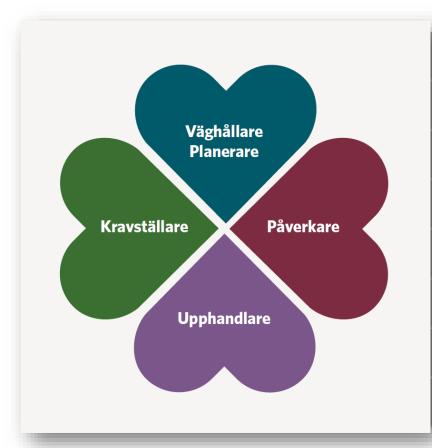
Commitment. That there is a commitment to traffic safety on management level and among employees and that interest organisations are pushing for it.

Holistic perspective. That measures are implemented as a whole with traffic safety as a precondition for a sustainable transport system.



A tool for systematic traffic safety work in municipalities

Trafiksäkerhetslyftet [~ boosting traffic safety]

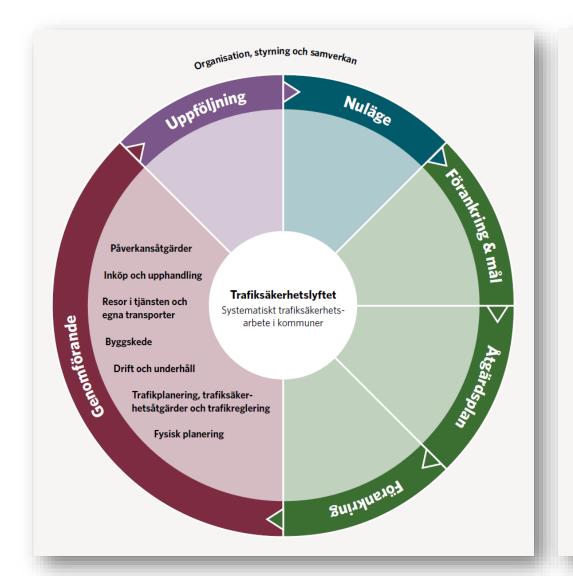


- 1. Organisation, management and collaboration
- 2. Traffic safety in spatial planning
- 3. Traffic planning and traffic safety measures
- 4. Maintenance
- 5. Traffic safety in construction phase
- 6. Journeys at work and own transports
- 7. Traffic safety in purchasing and procurement
- 8. Information and communicative measures





Basis for systematics and continuous improvements







Audits and similar tools to evaluate och improve work processes

ByPad

Bicycle Policy Audit



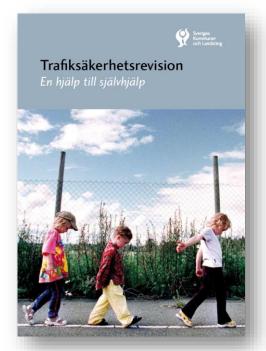


Other similar tools:

- MaxQ
- Mediate
- Isemoa

Hans Tormans, Davy Janssens, et al. (2009). Context and development of an instrument for quality assessment and guidance for local road safety policymaking in Flanders. Transportation Research Board.

The former "traffic safety audit"





Three parts









Form for self-assessment of the traffic safety work



Dialogue-based implementation (also involves A and C)



Deepening in selected thematic areas

Thematic sheets are available for the following areas:

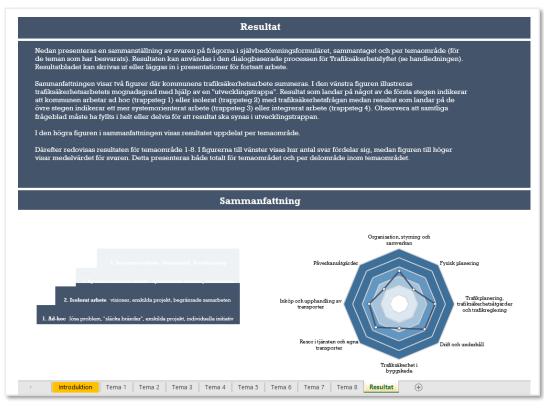
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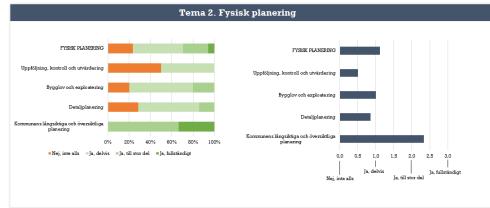


A. Form for self-assessment of the traffic safety work



	3	3 Trafikplanering, trafiksäkerhetsåtgärder och trafikreglering									
			Nej, inte alls	Ja, delvis	Ja, till stor del	Ja, fullständigt	Ej relevant	Vet inte	Plats för noteringar		
.1 Trafiknätsanalys och lastighetsplan	1	Kommunen har gjort en trafiknätsanalys och utifrån det:									
		a) identifierat prioriterat gångnät.	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		b) identifierat prioriterat cykelnät.	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		c) tagit fram en hastighetsplan för centralorten och de större tätorterna.	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		 d) hastighetsplanen inkluderar (har inkluderat) fysiska åtgärder för att anpassa trafikmiljöns utformning till den planerade hastigheten. 	0	0	0	0	0	0			
.2 Åtgärdsprogram	2	Kommunen har ett åtgärdsprogram för trafiksäkerheten som:									
		 a) innehåller konkreta och tidsatta åtgärder för ökad trafiksäkerhet i det kommunala vägnätet samt beskrivning av ansvar. 	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		b)är politiskt förankrat	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		c) är kommunicerat internt hos berörda förvaltningar/enheter.	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		d) är aktuellt, dvs. inte äldre än 5 år/reviderat de senaste fem åren	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		e) är förankrat i kommunens ekonomiska planering	0	0	0	0	0	0			
3.3 Budget för rafiksäkerhetsåtgärder	3	Det finns en årlig budget för att genomföra trafiksäkerhetsåtgärder.	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	4	Det finns en budget för att genomföra de delar av hastighetsplanen som ännu inte har genomförts.	0	0	0	0	0	0			







B. Dialogue-based implementation of Trafiksäkerhetslyftet

Moment *) Grundläggande moment	Huvudsakligt syfte	Material
1. Etablera en arbetsgrupp*	Samla en mindre grupp tjänstepersoner som genomför den dialogbaserade pro- cessen tillsammans.	Denna handledning
2. Kartläggning av nuläge*	Skapa en bild av styrkor och svagheter i nuvarande trafiksäkerhetsarbete.	Denna handledning Formulär för självbedömning
3. Tematiska fördjupningar	Arbeta vidare med valda temaområden (ett eller flera). Möjlighet att involvera ytterligare tjänstepersoner i arbetet.	Denna handledning Temablad 1-8
4. Kunskapshöjande och förankrande moment	Öka kunskapen om trafiksäkerhet och förankra trafiksäkerhetsarbetet med beslutsfattare (politiker och förvaltnings- ledningar) och tjänstepersoner.	Denna handledning
5. Handlingsplan*	Peka ut prioriterade förbättringsaktiviteter utifrån kartläggningen av nuläget.	Denna handledning
Uppföljning av Trafiksäkerhetslyftet	Återkomma till Trafiksäkerhetslyftet regelbundet. Följa upp vilka av aktivite- terna i handlingsplanen som avverkats. Uppdatera kartläggningen av nuläget och se hur resultatet utvecklats.	Denna handledning
7. Dokumentation	Dokumentera genomförandet och resultatet från Trafiksäkerhetslyftet.	Denna handledning





C. Deepening in selected thematic areas

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1. Organisation, management and collaboration

- Mapping processes and responsibilities
- Formulate targets and areas of action
- Measure and monitor the traffic safety situation
- Socioeconomic costs
- Reporting of the traffic safety situation

Utfall Åtgärder Tillstånd Resurser Exempel på Exempel på tillståndsindikationer utfallsindikationer Hastighetsefterlevnad Dödade och allvarligt skadade personer i Säkra GCM-passager vägtrafiken Kvalitetsnivå på drift och Allvarligt skadade underhåll av GC-vägar cyklister i singelolyckor Cykelhjälmsanvändning Allvarligt skadade Andel medborgare som gående i fallolyckor är nöjda med cykelvänligheten

3. Traffic planning and traffic safety measures

- Develop an action plan what?
- Guidelines for design and regulation how?
- Comprehensive network for pedestrians and cyclists – and support for the step between targets and design – where?

