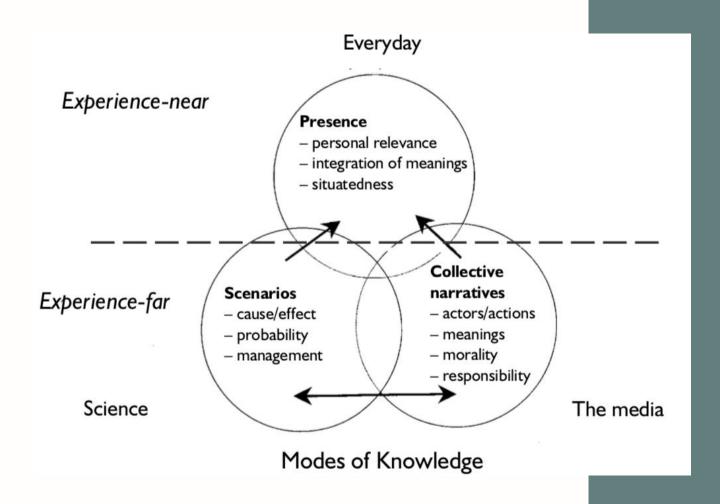




# THE RISK OF PHONE USE BY CYCLISTS



SWOV (2017): Fact sheet - Phone use by cyclists and pedestrians.

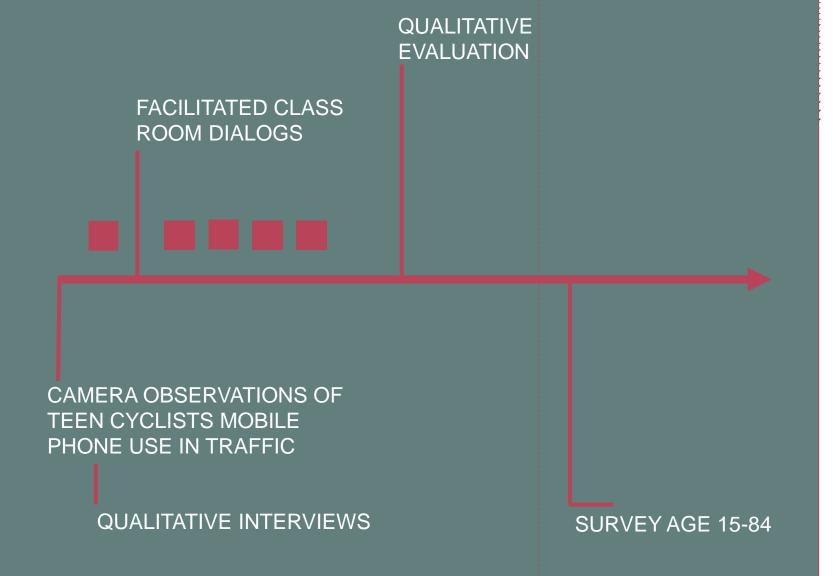


# RISK IN EVERYDAY PRACTISES

Åsa Boholm (2011): A relational theory of Risk

#### **CASESTUDY**

#### NATIONAL SURVEY

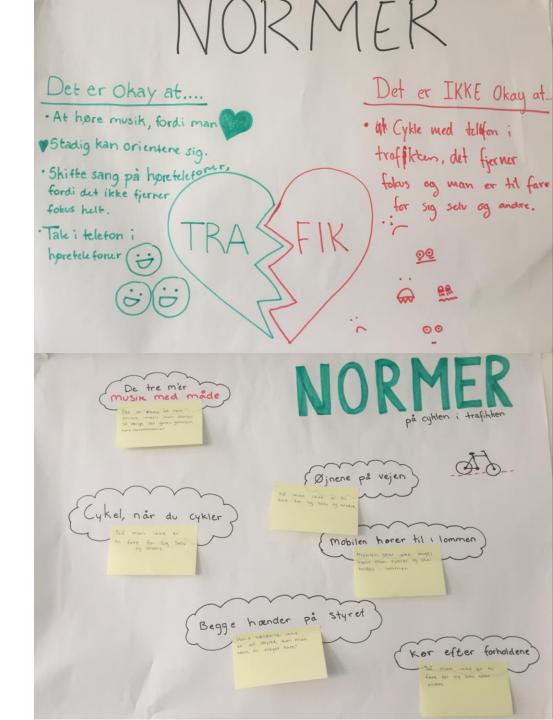


## MULTIPLE METHODS



#### INFORMAL NORMS

- 'IT IS OKAY TO LISTEN TO MUSIC ON A MODERATE SOUND LEVEL'
- 'IT IS OKAY TO HAVE CONVERSATIONS ON THE PHONE WHEN USING HEADSET'
- 'THE MOBILE PHONE SHOULD REMAIN IN THE POCKET WHILE CYCLING'
- 'IT IS OKAY TO READ AND WRITE SMS TEXTS AS LONG AS IT IS NOT A RISK OR ANUISANCE TO OTHER ROAD USERS'



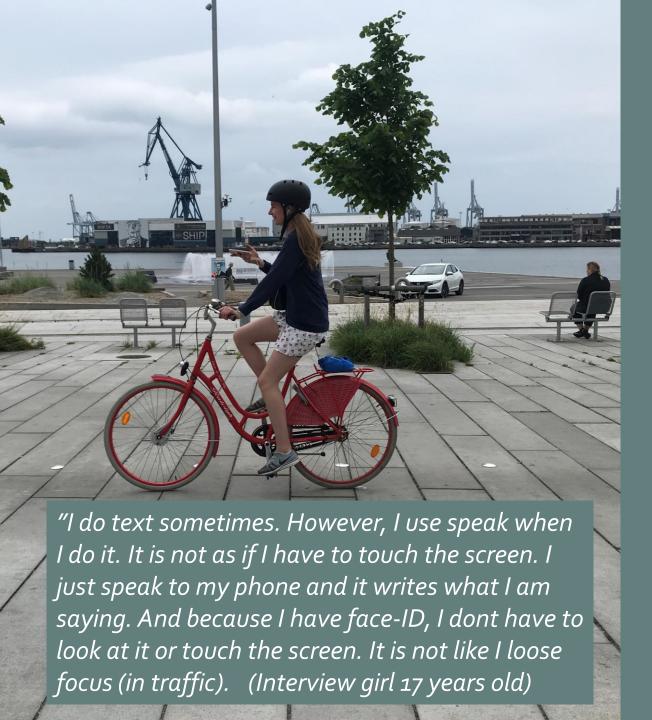








### MOBILE PHONE USE DANISH TEEN CYCLISTS (15-19 years old)



## WHEN TEENS SAY THEY TEXT – WHAT DO THEY DO?

#### HOW TO INFLUENCE TEENS?

https://www.gffonden.dk/undervisningsmateriale/ unge-og-mobiltelefoner



#### **KEY FINDINGS**

- 1. Teens strive to be on time digitally and present/attentive in traffic at ones.
- 2. One third use their phones in a high risk manner
- 3. It is possible to influence teens mobile phone use through facilitated classroom dialog.

# Questions?