



### **Danish AIB**

Created in 2001

The purpose of AIB is to:

- Compile knowledge
- Raise awareness
- Make recommendations
- Encourage preventive actions
- Not to determine the question of guilt







## **Organisation**

#### **Board:**

- Road Administration (member and chair)
- National Police
- Transport Authority
- Danish Technical University (Dep transport)
- University Teaching Hospital

#### **Crash investigation:**

- Police
- Medical doctor
- Vehicle inspector
- Road engineers
- Psychologist

#### **Secretariat:**

- Project manager
- Team-coordinator
- Individuals from the Road crash investigation team





### Method

- Collection of accident data within a certain theme
- Accident reports (20-40)
- Thematic report incl. recommendations







### **Truck accidents**

- 30 accidents (2014)
- Launched Nov 2016
- 4 main types of accidents (urban/rural areas)



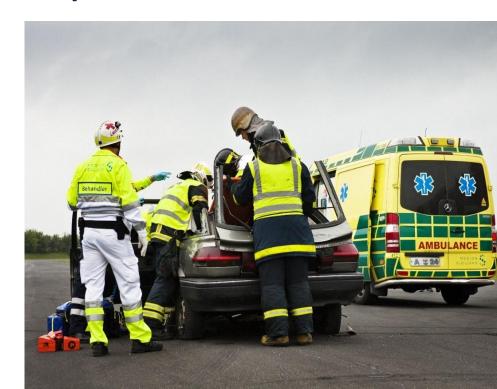




### Scope

- Truck accidents with personal injuries
- Whole country
- All type of roads
- Data from 2014
- 5 killed
- 10 seriously injured
- 30 moderate injuries







### **Urban areas**

• Accidents involving cyclists and pedestrians (9)





## Accidents involving cyclists and pedestrians



- 4 right-turn accidents
- 2 left-turn accidents
- 2 accidents square
- 1 accident involving a crane
- Complex to "see all" in mixed busy traffic
- Distribution of goods difficult





# **Examples of safety measures**

- Take sufficient time to look for other especially vulnerable road users
- Survey on how people use the mirrors and windows
- Obligatory stop before turning
- Separation of phases at intersections



## Other potential measures

- Those hiring transport
   companies must demand
   higher road safety standards
   e.g. in cities with many bikes,
   - e.g. lower windows
- Government should lead
- Establish safer environment for delivering goods in cities.



#### Rural areas



- Accidents on road sections (8), often on long, straight stretches of motorways or dual carriageways (rear-end collisions, drifting)
- Accidents when crossing and turning (6), truck turning in front of another vehicle.
- Accidents where the truck was accidently hit (7). Truck drivers or trucks played no part in causing the accident.





### **Accidents on road sections**



- Motorway and dual carriageways
- 5 rear-end collisions
- 3 drifting of the road
- Improper attention
- Sleepiness
- Speed
- Weak edges of the road





# **Examples of safety measures**

- Campaigns focusing on staying attentive while driving
- Better road safety policies in companies
- Road edges to be stronger
- Safety equipment in trucks to include automatic emergency brakes with pedestrian detection, ISA, sleep detector etc.



## Accidents when crossing and turning



- 2 lane roads
- 3 accidents when turning onto a bigger road
- 2 accidents when turning away from the bigger road
- 1 accident /intersection
- Improper orientation
- Speed





# **Examples of safety measures**

- Enough time to orientate
- Better marking of little side roads and driveways
- Campaigns on attention



## Trucks accidently hit

- 4 rear-end collisions
- 2 head-on accidents
- 1 acc entering main road
- Orientation error from the other part







## Working conditions

- Primarily haulage
- Many stops
- Experienced drivers
- Long working days
- Trucks need to be in good standards and wellmaintained







### The Trucks



- 4 vehicle errors leading to crash
- 4-5 mirrors not adjusted
- Things in the way for direct vision
- Not the latest safety equipment e.g. emergency braking systems or lane changing alarms





### **Main points**

- Insufficient orientation/attention 22/30 accidents, drivers and other parties
  - Rushed orientation in complex situations
  - Inattention and sleepiness in "easy" situations
- Trucks with direct vision could have eliminated the accidents in 4/9 accidents with bikes and peds
- Vehicle errors and illegal driving (speeding, resting time etc.)
  counted for 1/3 of the accidents
- 19/30 could have been prevented with better safety equipment, like ped detection, automatic braking systems.





## **Key recommendations**



- Drivers must take the necessary time for orientation and keep their focus on driving. Complex/monotonous traffic situations
- Those hiring transport companies must demand higher road safety standards, and the government should lead by example
- Increased control of companies, trucks and drivers